مضمون۔ اُردوالف	رانوالہ	یز کا نونیٹ گرلز ہائی سکول گوج کانام۔ اب کیا کروں املاء		وَئُمُ پِنُك، گرین، بلیو	جماعت _ دو
بارو چی خانه	خيال	إلزام		<b>ڈانٹ</b>	گبراجانا
معانی	الفاظ		معانی		ا_ الفاظ
تضور	خيال		حھوٹی بات		الزام
			سخت آواز سے رو کنا		<b>ڈانٹ</b>
				-8	۲۔ ارکان ملایئے
إلزام		۲_ إل _ زام		ب شيش شيش	ا۔ شی۔
<i>U. <u>%</u></i>	(	۳_	4	ے ڑ	۳۔ ٹک
مضمون۔ اُردوالف		نام۔ اقوالِ زریں	سبق کا سبق کا	پنک، گرین، بلیو	جماعت۔ دوئم
	ė	اء	املا		
گله	<sup>گخس</sup> ن	ويانت	ال		سيرت
معانی		<b>الفاظ</b> مُن	معانی		ا۔ الفاظ
حابي		گنجی	<b>ر</b> ال		اعمال
		<b>جملے</b> پیشر کی کھ		معنی	۲_ الفاظ شه
		بید کی مثمع جلا کیں رکھیں ۔ . مرا		موم بق بر	ا۔ شمع پنا
		ئدسےگلەمت کرو۔ میں بہتر سے بہتر کام کرنا جا ہیے۔		شکایت	۲_ گله پيو برو
		ے۔ درس <b>ت جوا</b> ،	•	اچھا چن کر <u>جمل</u> کمل کریں۔	۳ - بهتر ۳ - درست لفظ
	·	ور شک بور، تک	تک ، کو	بن رہے ن رید ۔۔۔۔۔گیا۔	2.
		<i>4</i>	<b>بی</b> ں ، پر	جا کر کپڑے لاؤ۔	
		پ کو	کو ، سے	بر سورت کتاب دو۔	
		میں	میں ، تک	گریاہے۔	
			~ · /	جھوٹ مت بولو۔ - ۔ ۔ ۔ جھوٹ م	

		لِز ہائی سکول گوجرا نوالہ					
مضمون۔ اُردوالف		وطن سے محبت	سبق کا نام۔		ك،گرين ،بليو	عت۔دوئم پنج	جا
			إملاء				
رخم	مظلوم		بر <sup>و</sup> هيا		التجا	چیکر	
<b>معانی</b> کهانی		الفاظ		معانی		الفاظ	_٢
كهانى		قصہ		گزارش 		التجا	
			יצפ	جس برظلم کیا گیا:		مظلوم	
					کے جوابات دیں۔		
		شان کے چنددن بعد کا ہے۔ یہ	• 1			يەدا قعەكب بى <u>ش</u> آ	
		کے پیسہ چیکرنے دیے۔	۔	جواب	ے پیسے کس نے دیے؟		
					<i>Κ</i> ±	ار <b>کان ملائیں۔</b> ش کل	مهر_ به
	<b>ڙ</b> ب	ۇ <b>ب ـ</b> ب	_٢				
					پاکستان	پاک ۔ ستان <b>ارکان ملائیں۔</b>	
		لوم م <u>ظل و م</u>	م مئظ مئظ			ار <b>قان ملایں۔</b> چیکر	
		مو کا می کا می کا می	- J		پ-بید ر ن-ق- <i>س-ا</i> -ن		
	متضاد	الفاظ		متضاد		عصاب الفاظ	
	رات	د - دن		جوان		بورهی	
	جواب	سوال		آسان آسان		مشكل	
			جملے		الفاظ	جملے بنائیں۔	_4
		ھیا پرر <sup>حم</sup> کیا۔	چیکرنے بوڑ ،		رقم		
		برسے رحم کی التجا کی۔	بڑھیانے چیکا م		التجا		
		کونقصان نہیں پہنچا نا جا ہیے۔	مىي <u>ں ب</u> ودوں ك		نقصان		

	Ĺ	سینٹ میریز کا نوینٹ گرلز ہائی سکول		
مضمون: أردو الف		سبق كانام: باغبانى	عت: دوئم پنک،گرین،بلو	جما
		املاء		
کیاری		سجانا	باخ	
		رنگ برنگا	كھاد	
معائی	الفاظ	معانی	الفاظ	_٢
كئى رنگ كا	رنگ برنگا	سنوارا	سجايا	
			. سوالات کے مختصر جواب دیں۔	
		جواب۔ بچوں نے ایک باغ لگایا۔ پر	بچوں نے کیالگایا؟ سریر	
	/	جواب۔ بچباری باری کام کرتے تھے۔	بچ کیے کام کرتے تھے؟	
	مزے سے گزرتا ہے۔	جواب۔ جو بچے محنت کرتے ہیںان کاوقت	۔ کن بچوں کا وف <b>ت م</b> زے سے گزرتا ہے؟	
		<b>جلے</b>		۳,
		یه کپڑارنگ برنگاہے۔	رنگ برنگا خدا ده	
		بیاروں کی خبر لیناا حجی بات ہے۔ محمد میں میں میں میں ا	خبرلينا	
		مجھےاپنا گھر سجانا اچھا لگتا ہے۔	سجانا	
مضمون : اُردو الف		سبق کانام : ایثار	عت: دوئم پنک،گرین،بلو	lz.
		املاء		
<i>ال</i> ي الم		لقمه	شخض	
			ايثار	
		**,	سوالات کے جوابات دیں۔	
		جواب۔ حضرت ابوطلحہ حضرت مجمد کے ساتھی	حضرت ابوطلحه کون تھے؟	
	ى كم كھا ناموجودتھا۔	جواب۔ حضرت ابوطلحہ کے گھر میں کھا نا بہن	حضرت ابوطلحہ کے گھر میں کتنا کھاناموجودتھا؟	
			۔ ارکان ملا <b>ئے۔</b> ۔	
	بيوی ث	۲۔ بی۔ وی	کھ۔نا کھانا	
	ايثار	سم۔ ای۔ ثار	۔ بھو۔ کے بھوکے	۳.

سينث ميريز كانونيك كرلز مإئى سكول گوجرا نواله				
مضمون_أردوالف	بإكستان كانتخفه	سبق كانام	بليو	جماعت۔ دوئم پنک، گرین،
		املاء		
خوشگوار	ئەت	p. 16.	حيران	منظر
			ي-ب	ا۔ سوالات کے جوابات د
	ئ <sub>ا</sub> ڈاک خانے پر قبقے سجار ہاتھا۔ ۔			ا۔ ڈاکیا چپاکیا کررہاتھا؟
_	ن۱۱۴گست ۱۹۴۷ء کوقائم ہوا۔	جواب۔ پاکستا	'	٢_ پاکستان کس تاریخ کوقا
<b>♂</b>	واحد		<i>Ę</i> .	۳۰ واحد ن
حجنڈے	حجنڈا		نغمات قة	نغم. ت
پکوڑے	پکوڑا		ققي	ققه
مضمون أردوالف	 بوقت میں ایک کام	سبق کانام ایک	، بليو پېليو	جماعت۔ دوئم پنک،گرین
<b>G</b> .	·	املا	-4.	<b>%</b> •
سليقه		<i>ڈ</i> نڈیپلو		زيبا
معاني	الفاظ		معاني	ا_ الفاظ
ورزش كرنا	ۇنىڭە يېلىنا	ت	خوبصور	زيبا
			- <i>U</i>	۲۔ سوالات کے جوابات کھیے
	کام کرتے وقت کھیل کاانا منہیں لینا جا ہیے۔	جواب_	ناچا ہیے؟	ا بسروقت کھیل کا نام لیز
	کام کے وقت کا م کرنا چاہیے۔	جواب_	کیاہے؟	٢_ خوش رہنے کا اچھا طریقا
			جلے	٣_ الفاظ
			ہمیں وقت کی پابندی کرنی جائے	ار وقت
			کرکٹ میرا پسندیدہ کھیل ہے میں میں میں میں	
			ہمیں بے کارمیں وقت ضائع <sup>نہ</sup> ہمدے کہ یہ	۳۔ بےکار
		ناعاِ ہیے۔	ہمیں کوئی کا م ادھورانہیں چھوڑ	۳ ادهورا
مضمون۔ اُردو الف	ام جيت	 سبق کا:	ن.بليو پن،بليو	جماعت۔ دوئم پنک،گریم
	· •	املاء		• • •
آغاز	مسكراني	منظر	پُر جوش	ميدان
معانى	الفاظ		معانی	ا_ الفاظ
نظاره	منظر		جوش سے جھرا ہوا	پُر جوش
			شروع	آغاز
			-0	۲۔ سولات کے جوابات کھیے
	میدان میں کھڑے تھے۔	•		ا۔ بچکیا کررہے تھ؟
	بل میدان میں ہور ہے تھے۔ ا	جواب۔ ڪھي	?	۲۔ کھیل کہاں ہورہے تھے

	بیٹ ہائی سکول گوجرا نوالہ	سينٺ ميريز کانون			
مضمون۔ اُردو الف	عيدى	سبق كانام	رين، بليو	عت _دوئم پنک، گ	جا'
		املاء			
پریثان	<b>ל</b> ט	انتظار		<i>شر</i> ت	
معانى	الفاظ	معانی		الفاظ	_1
راه د بکینا	انتظار	زور		شرت	
		رقم		ליט	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			سوالات کے جوابا مُر بر	
	محسن اپنے چھاسلم کی دُ کان کےسامنے رُک جا تا تھا۔ محمد پر	جواب_		محسن کس د کان کے محمد سر	
	محسن کوعیدی کے پیپوں سے نیلے رنگ کا جہاز خرید ناتھا۔	جواب_	بوں سے کیا چیزخرید نی تھی؟ سریر ہے۔		۲_
	محسننے اپنی عیدی سے سکینہ خالہ کاخرچ ادا کیا۔	جواب_	يسے کیا کیا؟	محسن نے اپنی عید ک	٣
مضمون: أردو الڤ	ں 12 ادے	 سمق کا نام: علامها قبا	، يلو	ت: دوئم پنک،گرین،	جاء
		املاء			
رتبر	عظمت	محنت	مفكر	ادیب	!
معانى	الفاظ	<b>حانی</b>			_٢
راسته دکھانے والا	دەپىر	کرنے والا پر		مفكر	
		ئى	براز	عظمت	
	<b></b>	(	-	سوالات کے جوابات	
		داب۔ علامہا قبال ہمارے سرمہ		علامها قبال کون تھے؟	
		اب۔ ادیب کے معنی ہیں مفاسم معنی نے		ادیب کے کیامعنی ہیں؟ مفکر کے کیامعنی ہیں؟	
		اب۔ مفکر کے معنی ہیں غو	<i>y</i> ,	معرفے کیا ہی ہیں؟ خالی جگہ پُر کریں۔	
	درست جواب :		رمان مرموع	<b>حان جلہ پر مریں۔</b> می نے۔۔۔ یو چھا، کہاا	
	کو		· ·	ں ہے۔۔۔ پو بھا، ہہا آج سب۔۔۔ چھٹی نے	
	میں میں		•	س جودور کا میدانکر کٹ کھ	
	<u> </u>			يېز ن بعد بھارا ميچ سکول بعد بھارا ميچ	
			,	نه کرمونث لکھیں۔ مذکرمونث ککھیں۔	
موثث	Si		موثث	Si	
شيرني	ثير		مورنی	مور	
گ <i>ھ</i> وڑ ی	گھوڑا		بلی	η̈́	
ĽŽ	ΙŻ		مُرغی	مُرعًا	

## سينت ميريز كانونيك كرلز مائي سكول كوجرانوله

جماعت: دونم پنک، گرین، بلو ۱- بیاری کے لیے چھٹی کی درخواست۔ بخد مت جناب پرنپل صاحب۔ سینٹ میر بز گراز ہائی سکول۔ گوجرانوالہ۔

جناب عاليه!

گزارش ہے کہ جھے کل راسے بہت تیز بخارہے جس کی وجہ سے میں سکول حاضر نہیں ہو سکتی۔مہر بانی فرما کہ مجھے ایک دن کی چھٹی عنایت فرما ئیں۔ نوازش ہوگئی۔

ع ضے

آپ کی تا بعدارشا گردہ

نام :

جماعت: ٹو

۲\_ کهانی : پیاساکوا

ایک دفعہ کاذکر ہے کی ایک کوابہت پیاسا تھا۔وہ پانی کی تلاش میں ادھراُ ڈرااورایک باغ میں پننچ گیا وہاں اُس نے ایک گھڑا دیکھا جس میں پانی بہت کم تھا۔ کو بے نے تھوڑی در سوچااور پاس ہی پڑے کئکر ایک ایک کرکے چونچ میں لے کر گھڑے میں ڈالنے لگا۔ آہتہ آہتہ یانی اُوپر آگیا۔کو بے نے یانی پیااوراُڑ گیا۔

مترادف	الفاظ	مترادف	ا_ الفاظ
جھنڈا	ڔڔڿؖ	بزرگ	بوڑھا
وطن	وطن	پچل	ثمر
Ŕ	مضبوط	سورج	آ فتاب
R	ؿ	<i>ڙ</i> ر	خوف
עונم	واجب	ہرا بھرا	الربر
پانی	آب	پټل	ۇ <b>ب</b> لا
گيلا	"	أميد	آس
<i>ھ</i> یک	درست	خواہش	آرزو
مفلس	غريب	دهوكه	فریب
متضاد	الفاظ	متضاد	الفاظ
<u>آخری</u>	پېلا	پُرانا	نيا
آخرت	ونيا	غريب	امير
دایاں	بایاں	بابر	اندر
جواب	سوال	خشک	ý
دوزخ	جنت	لمك	بھاری
نز د یک	נפנ	as the same of the	دكھ
پانی	"اگ	حچهاؤل	دهوپ
بد	نیک	جواب	سوال

## سينث ميريز كانونيك كرلز مإئى سكول كوجرانواله

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	ئم پنک،گرین، بلیو	جماعت۔ دو
Si.	مونث	نذكر
گدها	پچو پهرچي	پھو پھا
بوتا	بکری	بكرا
نواسا	بھا نجی	بھانجھا
ثنها	گھوڑ ی	گھوڑا
حا جی	کالی	ηР
مالی	موچن	موچی
پارس	<i>כ</i> ול ט	درزی
جوگ	باور چن	بارو چی
واحد	$\mathcal{C}$	واحد
بسته	باغات	باغ
ستاره	حِصْلُا ہے	حجنثرا
عيد	بندے	بنده
کار	باتيں	بات
حيوان	سوالات	سوال
پیسہ	کپڑے	کپڑا
b <b>;</b>	پرندے	پرنده
رات	کرنیں	کرن
	دُ کا نیں	ۇ كا <u>ن</u>
	ندها گدها بوتا بوتا نواسا نواسا نواسا نخها خها خها مای مای مای مای مای مای مای مای مای ما	مونث مرونث بليو بيو بي بي بي بيو بي

## St. Mary's Convent Girls High School Gujranwala Syllabus of English for class 2 Second Semester

## **English A**

## Unit # 8 The Musicians of Bremen Words Meanings

- 1) Musician
- 2) Bremen
- 3) Crowing
- 4) Perch
- 5) Robber
- 6) Beam
- 7) Scratch
- 8) Devil
- 9) Monster
- 10) Witch

### Q1. Answer/questions

### Q1. Why was the donkey leaving home?

Ans. He was old and useless for his owner.

### Q2. Why couldn't the dog work?

Ans. He was old and could not work.

### Q3. Why was the cock crowing?

Ans. Cock was crowing because he was happy to alive.

### Q4. Where were the four friends going? Did they get there?

Ans. They were going to Bremen. No, they did not go there.

### Q5. What did the cock see?

Ans. Cock saw a light.

### Q6. Why did the four friends go into the house?

Ans. They went there to find something to eat.

### Q2. Say whether the following sentences are true or false.

a)	The four friends slept under a tree near the road.	false
b)	The cat's owner was angry with her.	true
c)	The four friends went to talk to the robbers.	false
d)	The musicians lived happily ever after in Bremen.	False

### Q3. Fill in the blanks.

- a) The robber **trips over** the dog.
- b) The cat **scratched** the robber.
- c) The cock **perches** on the beam.

### Q4. There is something wrong here! Can you write the pairs correctly?

a) Write write a letter a present b) Collect a letter collect stamps c) Receive receive a present a test d) Pass stamps pass a test e) Play your feelings play a joke f) Show a joke show your feelings

### Q5. See if you can find the odd-one-out in t5he following. Circle it.

- a) Crocodile, cat, dog, <u>cricket</u>
- **b**) Kite, aeroplane, arrow, **bow**
- c) Pineapple, pea, marble, coconut

### Q6. What the following stand for.

a)	That's	that is
b)	Isn't	is not
c)	Where's	where is
d)	Who's	who is
e)	Aren't	are not
f)	We're	we are

### Work book

Page 43	Q.1
Page 44	Q.1
Page 48	0.2

### **Unit #9**

### Mangoes and Guavas Meanings

- 1) Flute
- 2) Twig
- 3) Harbor
- 4) Telescope

Words

- 5) Coin
- 6) Roar
- 7) Groan

### Q1. Answer / Questions

### Q1. Why did the snake come to Parvez?

Ans. The snake came to Parvez because she liked his music.

### Q2. How did the snake help Parvez?

Ans. She gave her a gold coin every day.

### Q3. Which fruit did Parvez prefer?

Ans. He preferred both mangoes and guavas.

### Q4. What happened when Parvez planted the twig?

Ans. It grew into a fine tree.

### Q5. What did Parvez do with the fruit?

Ans. He sold the fruit in the town.

### Q6. Why did the captain groan?

Ans. The captain groaned because he thought he had lost his ship.

### Q7. What kind of person was Parvez?

Ans. Parvez was an honest man.

### Q2. What are the following things?

a) An animal that looks like a long, green rope.	snake
<b>b</b> ) A round, yellow thing like a ball.	mango
c) A place to live in.	house
<b>d</b> ) A thing for making music.	Flute

### Q3. Match A and B below.

A	В	C
Every day	buy a house.	He played his flute.
I am going away	harbor today.	For the winter.
I am going to	going to sell mangoes.	Buy a house.
I am going to the	he played his flute.	Harbour today.
I am	for the winter.	Going to sell mangoes.

### **Brother and Sister**

Use the following phrases in sentences of your own.

a) As light as a feather

My shoes are as light as a feather.

b) As good as gold

The advices of elders are as good as gold.

c) As proud as a peacock

Ali is as proud as a peacock.

d) As dry as a bone

This tree is as dry as a bone.

e) As green as grass

The water of the lake is as green as grass.

### Work book

Page 52	Q. 1
Page 56	Q. 1

Page 60

Q. 2

### **Unit # 10**

### Adil and the Gold Chain

### Words

### Meaning

- 1. Pavement
- 2. Grab
- 3. Pedal
- 4. Possible
- 5. Crept
- 6. Escape
- 7. Brave
- 8. Chain
- 9. Constable

**Answer the following questions.** 

### Q1. Why did Adil stay at home?

Ans. Adil stayed at home because he was cleaning his bicycle.

### Q2. Why did Adil go after his mother?

Ans. Adil went after his mother to give her bag.

### Q3. Who stole the gold chain?

Ans. Two thieves stole the gold chain.

### Q4. Where did the men hide the chain?

Ans. They hide it under the clock.

### Q5. Who went to the house with Adil?

Ans. A police inspector and a constable went with Adil to the house.

### Complete the following sentence.

- a. His mother was going to the market.
- b. The two men **tried to escape**.
- c. I'll catch them.

### Work Book

Page 63 Q.2, Q.3

### Unit # 11: Chocko Gets a Little Help

### Words Meaning

- 1. Chomped
- 2. Dentist
- 3. Difficult
- 4. Heap
- 5. Munched

### **Answer the following questions.**

### Q1. Why was the boy given his name?

Ans. The boy was given his name because he liked chocolate very much.

### Q2. What did Chocko's dad give him every week?

Ans. Every Week, Chocko's dad gave him pocket money.

### Q3. Did Chocko want to stop eating so much chocolate?

Ans. Yes, but he did not know how to stop.

### **Q4.** What did Chocko see in his room one night?

Ans. Chocko saw a little man in a purple turban.

### Q5. What did he find on his bedside table?

Ans. He found ten beads on his bedside table.

### Complete the following sentences.

- a. Chocko was trying to stop eating chocolate.
- b. Every day Chocko's mother told him to stop eating much chocolate.
- c. When you have no breads left then I will come and get you.

### Find the opposites of these words in the story.

- a. useful
- b. difficult
- c. disappear
- d. Remember
- e. find
- f. morning

### Work Book

Page 64	Q. 2
Page 65	Q. 1
Page 67	Q. 3

### Unit # 12 Peter Rabbit

### Words Meaning

- 1. Dose
- 2. Rake
- 3. Sandbank
- 4. Fir
- 5. Bunny

Answer the following questions.

### Q1. What were the names of Mrs Rabbit's Children?

Ans. Flopsy, Mopsy, Cottontail, and Peter were the names of Mrs. Rabbit's children.

### Q2. Where did the rabbits live?

Ans. The rabbits lived in a sandbank, underneath the root of a very big fir tree.

### Q3. What did Mrs Rabbit tell the children to do?

Ans. Mrs Rabbit told the children that they could go into the fields or down the lane but not into Mr McGregor's garden.

### Q4. Where did Peter go?

Ans. Peter went into McGregor's garden.

### Q5. Name four plants that Mr McGregor had in his garden.

Ans. Lettuce, French beans, radishes and potatoes.

### Q. Put the following sentences in order.

- a. Peter went into the tool shed.
- b. Peter went to bed.
- c. Peter's mother gave him some chamomile tea.
- d. Peter hid in a watering can.
- e. Peter's sisters had berries and milk.
- f. Peter's mother went to buy some bread.
- g. Peter saw Mr McGregor.
- h. Peter got stuck in the net.
- i. Peter felt ill.

### **Work Book**

Page 69	Q. 1
Page 71	Q. 2
Page 72	Q. 4

### **Unit # 13**

### Monkey See, Monkey Do

### Words

Meaning

- 1. Cafe
- 2. Caged
- 3. Exactly
- 4. Quilt
- 5. Lazily

Answer the following questions.

### Q1. What did Shamir do when he woke up?

Ans. Shamir tapped the button on his alarm clock, rolled over and thought about going back to sleep.

### Q2. Did Shamir go downstairs slowly? How did he go downstairs?

Ans. No, Shamir did not go downstairs slowly. He raced downstairs.

### Q3. How was Shamir dressed?

Ans. Shamir was wearing striped pajamas.

### Q4. What did the family do first inside the zoo?

Ans. They went to see the monkeys

### Q5. What did Shamir tell his father about the monkeys?

Ans. Shamir told his father that the big monkey looks like him.

### Q. Change the underlined words. Use an apostrophe.

a.	The face of the monkey	The monkey's face
b.	The words of Mr Khan	Mr khan's words
c.	The giggles of the children	The children's giggles
d.	The pyjamas of Shamir	Shamir's pyjamas
e.	The cries of the men	The men's cries

### Work Book

Page 77 Q. 2

Page 78

Q. 1

### Unit # 14 The Wish

### Words Meaning

- 1. Cousin
- 2. Deaf
- 3. Disappeared
- 4. Grant
- 5. Thrilled

Answer the following questions.

### Q1. Who lived in a bigger house, Maha or Mimi?

Ans. Mimi Lived in a bigger house.

### **Q2.** Where did Mimi go in the holidays?

Ans. Mimi went France, England, Japan, Germany and Spain in holidays.

### Q3. Why do you think the kitten drank so much milk?

Ans. The kitten drank so much milk because it was hungry.

### Q4. Why was black cat pleased with Maha's first wish?

Ans. The black cat was pleased because Maha had wished a good house for her.

### Q5. In what ways did Maha change?

Ans. Maha became angry and jealous. She stopped looking after the kitten. She also stopped caring for others.

### Work Book

Page 79 Q. 2

Page 80 Q. 3

## **English B**

### **Essay: My School**

- 1. My school name is St. Mary's Convent Girls High School.
- 2. My school building is huge in size.
- 3. There is a big hall and playground in my school.
- 4. My school teachers are very loving and caring.

- 5. There is a canteen and book shop in my school.
- 6. My school has many classrooms.
- 7. My school has a computer lab.
- 8. My school has big library.
- 9. There is many beautiful flowers in my school grounds.
- 10. I learn many things in my school.

### **Application for Sick Leave.**

The Principal

St. Mary's Convent Girls High School

Gujranwala.

Subject: Application for Sick Leave

Respected Sister,

I beg to say that I am suffering from fever. So, I cannot come to school today.

Kindly grant me leave for one day. I shall be very thankful to you.

# Yours Obediently Name......

### **Singular Plural**

1.	Chair	Chairs
2.	House	Houses
3.	Book	Books
4.	Bag	Bags
5.	Cat	Cats
6.	Cup	Cups
7.	Boat	Boats
8.	Desk	Desks
9.	Shop	Shops
10.	Pencil	Pencils

### **Word Opposite**

1.	Day	Night
2.	Up	Down
3.	White	Black
4.	Big	Small
5.	Long	Short
6.	Clean	Dirty
7.	Dry	Wet
8.	Laugh	Cry

9.	Like	Dislike
10.	. Fat	Thin

### **Masculine Feminine**

Masculine	Feminine
1. Man	Woman
2. Boy	Girl
3. King	Queen
4. Sir	Madam
5. Brother	Sister
6. Uncle	Aunt
7. Male	Female
8. Son	Daughter
9. Father	Mother
10. Cock	Hen

### **Grammar Club**

Unit # 6	Page 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,
Unit # 7	Page 45, 46, 47, 49
Unit # 8	Page 51, 52, 53, 54, 55
Unit # 9	Page 57, 58, 59, 60, 61
Unit # 10	Page 63, 64, 65, 66, 67

### **Reading Circle**

Unit # 13 to 25 for reading, Write and learn Difficult Words for dictation

### **Science**

## <u>Unit no: 7</u> "Measuring Instruments"

## Q1: Answer these questions.

## a) What are measuring instruments?

Ans) The machines that are used to measure things are called measuring instruments.

## b) How can we measure lengths and distances?

Ans) We can measure lengths and distances with a ruler, a meter rod, or a measuring tape.

<b>Q2</b> :	What	would	you	use	to	measure	the	followin	ng.
-------------	------	-------	-----	-----	----	---------	-----	----------	-----

a)	A length of	a cloth	<b>Measuring</b>	tape/ meter rod	
b)	The time it takes to run a race		Stop watch		
c)	A person's	weight	<b>Bathroom</b> s	<u>scale</u>	
d)	The amount	t of oil in a tin	<b>Beaker</b>		
e)	The temper	ature of a drink	<b>Thermome</b>	<u>ter</u>	
<u>Q3:</u>	Choose the	correct answer.			
a)	To check yo	our temperature, a doctor v	will use a		
	i.	<b>Thermometer</b>	ii.	Teaspoon	
	iii	Scale	iv.	Ruler	
b)	To weight of	out ingredients when maki	ng a cake, we	e use a	
	i.	Measuring tape	ii.	Thermometer	
	iii	Kitchen scale	iv.	Cup	
c)	What ingred	dients are used to make ler	nonade?		
	i.	Water, lemon and milk	ii.	Milk, lemon and sugar	
	iii.	Syrup, lemon and sugar	iv.	Water, lemon and	
	suga	<u>r</u>			
d)	How many	hours are there in a day?			
	i.	1	ii.	10	
	iii.	<u>24</u>	iv.	60	
e)	Which of th	nese could you measure in	a measuring	beaker?	
	i.	Oil	ii.	Water	
	iii.	Milk	iv.	All of these	

## **Q4:** Choose the correct answers and fill in the blanks.

a) I will use a <u>ruler</u> to measure the length of my book. (Kitchen scale, ruler)

b) My mother wears a <u>watch</u> on her wrist. (Watch, clock)

c) A large full jug holds <u>more</u> water than a full glass, (Less, more)

d) The <u>kitchen scale</u> is used to measure how much sugar to put in a cake. (**Kitchen scale**, thermometer)

## **Q5:** Match the following.

a)	Thermometer	2	Weight
b)	Bathroom scale	4	Time
c)	Measuring tape	1	Temperature
d)	Clock	3	Length
e)	Beaker	5	Liquid

## **Unit no: 8** "Electricity"

## **Q1:** Answer these questions.

## a) Who is an inventor?

Ans) A person who invents many things is called an inventor.

## b) Who invented the first electric bulb?

Ans) Thomas Edison invented the first electric bulb.

## c) Where does the electricity we use come from?

Ans) The electricity we use comes from power stations through wires.

## d) Why can small batteries not be used to work a big electrical object?

Ans) Because batteries has certain limit of electric current whereas big electrical objects need high amount of electricity.

## e) Write the name of one object that works with a battery and one that

<b>Q2</b> ;	Choose	the	best	answer	

works by mains electricity?				
Ans) Remote	controlled car works with batte	ry and f	an with electricity.	
Q2; Choose the	best answer.			
a) Which one	of these things use mains elect	ricity?		
i.	<b>Television</b>	ii.	Broom	
iii.	Pencil	iv.	Book	
b) It is very d	angerous to			
i.	Play games	ii.	Use the computer	
iii.	Touch a battery			
iv.	Poke something into an elec	etric so	cket.	
c) Your remo	te-controlled car is not working	g. It nee	ds	
i.	Water	ii.	Food	
iii.	<b>Battery</b>	iv.	Petrol	
d) Which one	these things can work with a b	attery?		
i.	<u>Torch</u>	ii.	Fridge	
iii.	Toaster	iv.	Fan	
e) Electricity	is sent from power stations to h	nomes tl	nrough	
i.	Pipes	ii.	<u>Cables</u>	
iii.	Tubes	iv.	None of these.	
Q3: Make a list	of things that you can find in	your ho	ome or school, which use	
electricity.				
	a) <u>Fan</u>	b)	<u>Television</u>	
	c) <u>Fridge</u>	d)	<u>Bulb</u>	

### Q4: Fill in the blanks.

- a) Electricity is form energy.
- b) Electricity is made in **power** stations.
- c) The electrical things in our house run on <u>electricity</u>.
- d) Main electricity can be very dangerous.
- e) Batteries contain **chemicals** that could hurt you.

## Unit no: 9 "Light and Shadow"

### Q1: Answer these questions.

### a) How are shadows made?

Ans) When light is blocked by an object shadows are formed.

### b) What are straight lines of light called?

Ans) Straight lines of light are called rays.

## c) Name the main source of light?

Ans) Sun is the main source of light.

## d) Through which kinds of objects can light not pass?

Ans) Light cannot pass through most solid objects. We say these objects are opaque.

## e) <u>Is a light more intense when you are close to the source or far away</u> from this?

Ans) Light is more intense when you are close to the source.

## Q2: Fill in the blanks.

- a) Shadows are made when light is **blocked** by an object.
- b) Light cannot pass through most **solid** objects.
- c) Smooth shiny objects **reflect** more light.

## Q3: Look at these objects and place them in the correct columns below.

Sun torch star electric lamp lantern

Fire-fly match candle traffic lights mirror

Metal tray the Moon mobile phone screen

Man-made source of	Natural source of light	Source of reflected light
light		
Torch	Sun	The Moon
Electric lamp	Fire-fly	Mirror
Lantern	Star	Metal tray
Match		
Candle		
Traffic lights		
Mobile phone screen		

## **Q4:** Choose the correct answer.

i.	Arrows	ii.	Rays
iii.	Lines	iv.	Shadows

- b) How is a shadow formed?
  - i. when light is blocked by an object.
  - ii. When there is no light.

a) Light travels in straight lines. These are called

- iii. When a source reflects light.
- iv. When there is too much light.
- c) The type of surfaces which reflect more light are
  - i. Tall, dark and smoothii. <u>Smooth and shiny</u>iii. Large objectsiv. Cars

- d) Which of these can light pass through?
  - i. Wooden door

ii. Glass window

iii. Thick curtain

iv. Metal

- e) Which statement is correct?
  - i. An object close to a light makes a big shadow.
  - ii. An object close to a light makes a small shadow.
  - iii. A big object makes a small shadow.
  - iv. An object far away from a light makes a big shadow.

### **Q5:** Unscramble the words

a) TRICYCLETIE <u>Electricity</u>

b) RIVENTON <u>Inventor</u>

c) LUBB <u>Bulb</u>

d) BATTYRE <u>Battery</u>

Unit no: 10 "Water"

### Q1: Answer these questions.

a) Why must we always drink clean and fresh water?

Ans) To keep ourselves safe and healthy we should drink clean and fresh water.

b) What happens to rain water when it falls on the Earth?

Ans) Some water flows away and some sinks into the Earth.

c) Where do we store water?

Ans) Water from rivers, lakes and ponds is cleaned and stored in tanks at water plants. We also build reservoirs to store water.

d) How many glasses of water do you drink in a day? a) in the summerb) in the winter?

Ans) In summer we drink 8 to 10 glasses of water and in winter we drink 5 to 6 glasses of water.

<u>Q</u> 2	2: Choose th	<u>ie best answer.</u>					
a)	a) Which of the following is NOT a way to store water?						
	i.	Reservoir	ii.	Paper bag			
	iii.	Bucket	iv.	Bottle			
b)	Which of th	nese is NOT a form water can take?					
	i.	Snowflake	ii.	Ice cube			
	iii.	Rain	iv.	<u>Salt</u>			
c)	Which of th	nese things need water to survive?					
	i.	Trees	ii.	Humans			
	iii.	Fish	iv.	All of these			
d)	Which one	of these statements is correct?					
	i.	Lakes carry water to the seas and occ	eans.				
	ii.	Lakes and ponds carry salt to the sea	s and c	oceans.			
	iii.	Rivers flow to the seas and oceans.	:				
	iv.	Seas and oceans flow up rivers.					
e)	Which of th	nese is not a way to get water from unc	lergrou	ınd?			
	i.	Spring	ii.	Well			

## **Q3:** Choose the right word to complete the sentences.

Pump

iii.

a)	we block i	lowing rivers with	<u>aams.</u>				
	i.	Canals	ii.	<u>Dams</u>	iii.	Well	
b)	Water come	es to the surface in	some	places at a natural <u>s</u>	pring.		
	i.	Pumps	ii.	Tank	iii.	Spring	
c)	c) Rainwater sometimes <u>sinks</u> into the Earth.						

iv.

**Canal** 

	i.	Streams	ii.	Evaporates	iii.	<u>Sinks.</u>
d) Se	awater i	s <u>salty.</u>				
	i.	<b>Salty</b>	ii.	Fresh	iii.	Green
Q4: Wri	<u>te true (</u>	or false.				
a) Al	l living	things need water	er to live.			<b>True</b>
b) We cannot store water.						<b>False</b>
c) Large part of Earth is covered with water.						<b>True</b>
d) We should drink dirty water.					<b>False</b>	
e) Water is precious natural resource.						True

## **Unit no: 11 "The Environment"**

## Q1: Answer these questions.

a) Name three things that spoil the environment?

Ans) Pollution, burning fossil fuels and deforestation are spoiling environment.

b) Name the three R's. what could happen to the environment if we do not follow them?

Ans) 1. Reduce 2. Reuse 3. Recycle. If we will not follow these R's we will not be able to live a happy and healthy life.

## **Q2:** Choose the correct answer.

a)	) Which of these is NOT a natural resource?					
	i.	Plants	ii.	Water		
	iii.	Wind	iv.	Wheels		
b)	How many	trees did Pakistan pledge to plan	it by Ai	ugust 2018?		
	i.	1.4 million	ii.	14		
	iii.	1000	iv.	10 million		

c)	c) Which of these animals is in danger of becoming extinct?						
	i	i <b>.</b>	Lion	ii.	<b>Panda</b>		
	i	iii.	Cat	iv.	Horse		
d)	Which	of the	ese is a natural resource?				
	i	i.	<u>Coal</u>	ii.	Cloth		
	i	iii.	Plastic	iv.	Bricks		
e)	Which	of the	e following is NOT a way	to reduce th	e amount we throw away?		
	i	i.	Buy things you do not n	<u>eed</u> .			
	ii. Use cloths instead of paper as napkins and to clean things.						
	iii. Avoid disposable items.						
	i	iv.	Buy things that will last f	or a long tin	ne.		
Q3: V	<u>Vrite tr</u>	ue or	false.				
a)	Plants	are no	ot good for environment.		<u>False</u>		
b)	Find no	ew wa	ays to use old things is cal	led recycle.	<u>True</u>		
c)	Everyt	hing t	hat is around us is called	environment	. <u>True</u>		
d)	Roads	are m	an-made things.		<b>True</b>		
e)	We can	nnot k	teep our environment clear	n by three R	's. <u>False</u>		
<b>Q4:</b> u	ınscran	ıble t	hese words. The first lett	er of each v	vord has been underline.		
Do yo	ou knov	v wha	t they mean?				
a)	Cceelr	y		<u>recycle</u>			
b)	Adeefi	noors	tt	deforestation	<u>on</u>		
c)	Deerst			desert			
d)	Eeimni	nnorty	V	environme	<u>nt</u>		

## <u>Unit no: 12</u> "The Earth, Sun, Moon and stars"

## Q1: Answer these questions.

## a) In which direction does the Earth spin?

Ans) The Earth spins towards the east.

### b) How long does the Earth take to spin round once?

Ans) The Earth spins round once every twenty-four hours.

### c) Why is the astronauts in the picture on page 87 wearing a space suit?

Ans) As there is no air in the space, astronauts have to wear spacesuits with oxygen inside.

### d) Does the Moon moves round the Earth? (Think carefully).

Ans) Yes, the Moon moves round the Earth.

### e) Who was the first man to walk on the Moon?

Ans) Neil Armstrong was the first man to walk on the Moon.

## **Q2:** Write true or false.

a) The Sun is huge but it looks small because it is far away.

### True

b) The Moon is fifty times bigger than the Earth.

### **False**

c) The path of the Earth through space is called its orbit.

## **True**

d) The Earth takes a year to travel round the Sun.

## **True**

e) There is no life on the Moon.

## **True**

## Q3: Choose the correct answer.

a) Complete this sentence. The Earth spins to the

	i.	North	ii.	South
	iii.	<u>East</u>	iv.	West
b)	How long d	oes the Earth take to travel round the S	un?	
	i.	24 hours	ii.	24 days
	iii.	<u>a year</u>	iv.	a month
c)	Which one	of these statements is false?		
	i.	The Earth orbits the Sun		
	ii.	The Earth spins round and round.		
	iii.	The Earth is bigger than the Moon.		
	iv.	The Earth is bigger than the Sun.		
d)	Which of th	e following is most accurate statement	about	the Sun?
	i.	It is a spinning fireball.		
	ii.	It is round and made of hot, burning	ng gase	<u>es.</u>
	iii.	It is a big yellow ball.		
	iv.	It is small and far away.		
e)	The Earth, t	he Sun and the Moon are all		
	i.	<b>Sphere</b>	ii.	Balls
	iii.	Circle	iv.	Planets
: C	Correct the s	tatements that are false.		

## <u>Q4</u>

## <u>a)</u> There is no water on the Moon.

Ans) There is no life on the Moon.

## b) There is air on the Moon.

Ans) There is no air on the Moon.

## c) The light of the Moon is reflected sunlight.

Ans) The Sun's rays fall on the Moon and are reflected.

## d) The Moon is called a planet.

Ans) The Moon is called a satellite.

## e) The Moon is bigger than the Earth.

Ans) The Earth is bigger than the Moon.

### **Social Studies**

### **Lesson 9 Time and Movement**

### **Exercise**

### Q 1 What is the difference between day and night?

Ans Day is very early in thy morning.

### Q 2 When is the sun directly overhead?

Ans The middle of the day .when the sun is directly overhead.

### Q3 How many seconds are there in a minute?

Ans 60 seconds has in a one minute.

### Write what you have learnt about a leap year?

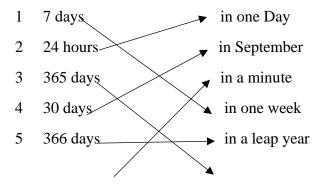
Ans A leap year comes after four years, and has 366 days.

## Work page

### The letters in these words have been jumbled.

1	DRYSAATU	SATURDAY	2 STAYDUE	TUESDAY
3	MYDONA	MONDAY	4 IFYARD	FRIDAY
5	TRYDUS HA	THURSDAY	6 DANYUS	SUNDAY
7	SANDYWEED	WEDNESDAY		

### Match the following.



6 60 seconds

in one year

### Part: C

## Write the number of the days in each Months.

January	31	2	February	28,29 in a leap year
3 March	31	4	April	30
5 May	31	6	June	30
7 July	31	8	August	31
9 September	30	10	October	31
11 November	30	12	December	31

### LESSION NO 10 DIRECTION

#### **EXERCISE**

**Answer the following Question** 

Q 1 Where does the sun always rise?

Ans The sun always rises in the east.

### Q2 What is the name of the tool we use to show directions?

Ans A compass is used to show the direction.

## **Work Page**

### Choose the best answer.

- 1 A compass show direction
- a) direction
- b) Move
- 2 Its pointer is
- a) soft
- b) Magnet
- 3 A compass point to the
- a)West
- b)North
- 4 There are directions
- a)three
- b) Four

- 5 The sun rises in the
  - a) west
- b) East

### Class 2 Lesson 11: Important Places

### **Answer the following Questions**

## 1.Is there a Market near your house? What does it sell? Make a list of eight things you can buy there?

Ans: Yes, there is. It sells Food, Cloths, Toys, Books, Tools and many other things.

I can buy there:

1.Food 2.Tools 3.Kitties

4.Clothes 5.Books 6.Newspapers

7. Machines 8. Toys

### 2. Which shop do you go to?

Ans: We usually go to Toys shop.

### 3. Have you been to a Post office? Why?

Ans: Yes, I have been because I wanted to post the letter.

### 4. How, do you think, does the Post office send and receive the mail?

Ans: All the letters are stored at the post office and then send to the people to whom they are addressed. A post man collects the mail from the post box.

### **Work Page**

#### Fill in the blanks.

- 1.A Market is a busy place.
- 2. Some Markets sell only one type thing.
- 3. Some Markets are held once a week.
- 4.A post man collect the <u>letter</u> from the post box.
- 5.In a <u>Big Market</u>, there are many kinds of shop.

### Class 2 Lesson 12: Plants and Animals

### **Answer the following Questions**

### 1.In which way are plats useful for us?

Ans: Plants are very useful for us. We get Nuts and Fruits, Wood and Shade from them.

### 2. How are Plants useful for animals?

Ans: Plants are useful for animals as they get their food from them.

### 3. Name Some things that can be made from plants?

Ans: 1. Medicine 2. Perfumes 3. Furniture 4. Huts

### **Work Page**

#### Choose the best answer

- 1. People do not have enough space for gardens in.
- a) City b) Village
- 2.In City, people grow inside the house.
- a) Plants b) Vegetables
- 3.Plants looks.
- a) Ugly b) Beautiful
- 4.Plants keep the air.
- a) Smoked b) Clean
- 5.Plants provide homes for.
- a) Birds b) Fruit

### **Activity**

Collect some leaves and flowers. Press them and dry them. You will have to leave them between newspaper sheets with a weight on top of them for a few days. When they are flat and dry, Glue them in your scrapbook.

### Lesson no 13: Animals Around Us

### **Answer the following Questions**

### 1. Which animal pull Carts and Wagons?

Ans: Horses, Ponies, Camels and Bull pull Carts and Wagons.

### 2. What work do Elephant do?

Ans: Elephants move heavy logs.

### 3. How are chicken useful for us?

Ans: We use there eggs and meat for food. Their feathers are used to fill pillows and make dusters.

### 4. Name three farm animals. Talk about who they are useful?

Ans: Horse, Sheep, Chicken.

- 1. Horse can lift the load
- 2. Sheep gives us wool
- 3.We can get meat and eggs from chicken.

### 5. Why we should be kind to animals?

Ans: We should be kind to animals because they are living creatures and there are very useful for us. They cannot tell us but they can also feel pain, hunger, happiness and sadness in their own way.

Work Page

### A.Unscramble the names of these Animals.

1.	ANTHELPE	ELEPHANT

2.SPINOE PONIES

3.MACEL CAMEL

4.SOREH HORSE

5.CLOKLUB BULLOCK

6.YONDEK DONKEY

### B. Talk about the animals

### 1.We get food from:

"Buffaloes, Cows and Goats"

### 2.We use these to move heavy woods:

"Donkeys, Camels and Horses"

### Class 2 Lesson no 14:Weather

### Answer the following questions.

1. Have you ever seen a Rainbow? What are the colors in a Rainbow? Find out.

Ans: Yes, I have seen a Rainbow. It's color are Red, Orange, Blue, Green, Yellow and White.

2. Have you heard thunder and seen lightening? What did you feel?

Ans: Yes, I have heard thunder and seen lightening. When I had heart it and seen lightning, I was terribly scared and frightened of the scene.

3. What season is it know?

Ans: It's a Summer season.

4.Does snow falls where you live?

Ans: No, There is no snow fall where we live.

### **Work Page**

### **Answer the following question**

1. What kind of clothes do you wear in summer?

Ans: We wear light clothes in summer.

2. What kind of clothes do you wear in winter?

Ans: We wear warm clothes in winter.

C. Write four lines about how you spend your summer holidays?

## Lesson no 15: Water

### Answer the following Questions.

1. Name two sources of fresh water?

Ans: Rain and Snow.

2. Where does the city get its water from?

Ans: A city gets its water from Rain, Streams and Dams through canals.

### 3. Why is it important to have clean drinking water?

Ans: If we do not have clean drinking water, It may cause the following problems:

- 1.Dirty water will harm people.
- 2. You can get skin diseases.
- 3.Drinking dirty water can make for very ill.

### 4. How do we get clean water for our daily use?

Ans Reservoirs and Dams are build to store river water. This water is taken by canals and through pipes to where it is needed.

### **Work Pages**

### Make a list of the ways in which you use water.

Ans:1)Taking our bath.

- 2)Cleaning our clothes.
- 3)Cooking food.
- 4) Cleaning our Crockery and other household things.

## **Lesson 16: Our Country**

### Answer the following Questions.

### 1. What is the name of your city?

Ans: The name of my city is Gujranwala.

### 2. What is the name of you Province?

Ans: Name of my Province is Punjab.

### 3. How many places in your Province have you visited? Write about one of them.

"Answer should be given by the Student."

### **Work Page**

### Complete this form about your Country.

1.Country Pakistan.

2.Capital Islamabad.

3. Provinces Punjab, Sindh, Balochistan, K.P.K, Gilgit Baltistan.

4. The Largest City

Karachi.

5.My Favorite place

School.

## **Maths**

Unit No. 6 Fraction

Unit No. 7 Money

Unit No. 8 Measurement

Unit no. 9 Time

Unit No.10 Shapes

Home work

Solve the following pages on your Book with Lead Pencil.

92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 104, 105, 112, 113, 125, 130, 131, 132, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 142

Solve the following pages on your Note Book

103, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 123, 145, 150,

Write and learn days of week and names of shapes.

Chapter 7 Money

Page no 103

Subtract with money

- a. 13 rupees
  - <u>11 rupees</u>

02 rupees

b. 20 rupees

- <u>18 rupees</u> <u>02 rupees</u>
- c. 9 rupees
  - <u>3 rupees</u> <u>6 rupees</u>
- d. 5 rupees
  - <u>2 rupees</u> <u>3 rupees</u>

Page no 106

a. Alam has Rs.75 to spend. He buys a pair of socks and a cake.

Spends	Has Left
Rs 35	Rs 75
Rs 27	Rs 62
Rs 62	Rs 13

c. Sana has Rs.90. She buys a hairband and a teddy bear.

Spends	Has Left
Rs 05	Rs 90
Rs 75	Rs 80
Rs 80	Rs 10

Page no 107

a. Rehan buys two 50 paise stamp. How much money does he spend?
50
x <u>2</u>
<u>100</u> p
b. One sweet cost of Rs.5. Maheen buys 6. How much money
does she spend?
does she spend:  5
x <u>6</u>
<u>30</u>
Rida buys 5 crayons for her brother.each crayon costs rs 15 .how
much does she spend?
15
x <u>5</u>
<u>75</u>
Chapter 8 Measurement Page no 109
1. Measure the length of each object with Rulers and write in the
1. Measure the length of each object with Rulers and write in the box.
box.
box. a. 3cm
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm c. 9cm
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm c. 9cm d. 8cm
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm c. 9cm d. 8cm e. 13cm f. 5cm
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm c. 9cm d. 8cm e. 13cm f. 5cm 2. Measure these lines.
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm c. 9cm d. 8cm e. 13cm f. 5cm 2. Measure these lines. a Ans. 4 cm
box. a. 3cm b. 7cm c. 9cm d. 8cm e. 13cm f. 5cm 2. Measure these lines.

e.

- 4. Write the following lengths in meters and centimeters.
- a. 138cm= 1m38cm.
- b. 246cm= 2m 46cm.
- c. 107cm= 100m7cm.
- d. 280cm= 2m 80cm.
- e. 110cm= 1m 10cm.
- f. 308cm = 300m 8cm.

# page No123 problems

b. A kitten weighs 490g

Another weigh 
$$+ 385g$$
  
 $875g$ 

- c. buy on Saturday = 250gbuy on Sunday =  $+ \underline{400g}$ 650g
- d. first week = 49 kgsecond week=  $+ \underline{58 \text{kg}}$ 107 kg

### Objective

Underline the correct time.

a. 6 O'clock in the morning.

<u>a.m.</u> p.m.

b. 8 O'clock in the night.

a.m. <u>p.m.</u>

- c. 2 O'clock in the afternoon.
  - a.m. <u>p.m.</u>

Use a.m. or p.m. to write the times.

- a. 9 O'clock in the morning <u>a.m.</u>
- b. 10 O'clock in the night <u>p.m.</u>.
- c. 4 O'clock in the afternoon <u>p.m.</u>

Complete the sentences.

- a. The first month of the year is <u>January</u>.
- b. The month before May is April
- c. There are 12 months in a year.
- d. After July comes August.
- e. The last month of the year is <u>December</u>.
- f. There are 24 hours in a day.
- g. The first month of the Islamic calendar is Muharram.
- h. Ramzan is the month of fasting.

### Chapter No. 9 Time.

Word problems.

Page No. 150

Think carefully, then write sums to answer these.

a. January has 31 days. February has 28 days. How many days are there altogether in two months

- b. How many days are there in 6 weeks? Ans. 42 days
- c. Maha is 6 years old. Her teacher is 29 years old .how much older is her teacher than Maha.

29 - <u>06</u> 23

d. There are 365 days in a year. How many days are there in two years?

365 days x <u>2</u> <u>730</u>

Chapter No 10 Shapes

Name of shapes.

Rectangle.

Circle.

Triangle.

Square.

Cuboid.

Cylinder.

Cone.

Sphere.

Cube.

Days of week

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday Saturday Sunday.

# Computer

### Unit no: 4

#### Q1: Answer these questions.

#### a) Why we use keyboard?

Ans) we use keyboard to enter data into the computer by pressing its keys.

#### b) Why do we use space bar key?

Ans) We use space bar key to give spaces between the words.

#### c) Why we use enter key?

Ans) We use enter key to go to the next line.

### d) Why we use backspace key?

Ans) We use this key to delete one letter on the left of the cursor.

### e) Why we use caps lock key?

Ans) We use caps lock key to type letters in capital.

### f) How many keys a standard keyboard has?

Ans) A standard keyboard has 101 keys.

### **Q2:** State whether these statements are true or false.

a) A keyboard has many buttons on it.

### **True**

b) We use enter key to go to the next line.

#### **True**

c) We use numeric keypad to enter letters.

#### **False**

d) We use arrow keys to move the cursor.

### **True**

e) Backspace key is the longest key on the keyboard. **False** Q3: Choose the correct answer. How many keys a standard keyboard has? i. a) **110** b) 100 101 c) Which key delete one letter on the left side of the cursor? ii. a) **Backspace** b) Enter d) Arrow What is the use of alphabet keys? iii. a) To enter letters To delete words b) d) Both iv. How many arrow keys on the keyboard? a) 5 b) 3 <u>4</u> d) We type capital letters through? V. a) Enter b) Caps Lock d) None Q4: Fill in the blanks. a) A **keyboard** is an important part of the computer. b) The small buttons on the keyboard are called **keys**. c) The numeric keyboard works only when you press **Num lock**.

- d) A **cursor** is a small blinking line.
- e) The movement of cursor is managed by **arrow**.

# Unit no 5

# Q1: Answer these questions.

a) How many type of mouse are there?

Ans) There are three types of mouse.

b) Which mouse has a ball or tracker under it?

Ans) Standard mouse has a ball or a tracker under it.

#### c) What is a wireless mouse?

Ans) It does not have any wire. It works with signals.

#### d) What is a mouse pointer?

Ans) A mouse is a small arrow on the computer screen.

#### **Q2:** State whether these statements are true or false.

a) When we press the right button it is called left click.

#### **False**

b) There are three types of mouse.

#### **True**

c) Wireless mouse has a ball under it.

#### **False**

d) Mouse pointer and cursor are two different things.

#### **False**

#### Q3: Fill in the blanks.

e) Leswsrie

- a) A mouse is a **pointing** device.
- b) Usually every mouse has **three** buttons.
- c) Wireless mouse does not have any wire.
- d) **Mouse** controls the movement of the cursor.
- e) When we press the left button it is called <u>left</u> click.

### **Q4:** Rearrange the following letters to form correct words.

Wireless

a) Sorcur	<b>Cursor</b>
b) Soume	<b>Mouse</b>
c) Tonbut	<b>Button</b>
d) Ptoiner	<b>Pointer</b>

# Unit no 6

<u> </u>
Q1: Answer these questions.
a) How many types of system unit are there?
Ans) There are two types of system unit.
b) Which is a basic part of computer?
Ans) System unit is the basic part of computer.
c) Write the names of two types of computer casing?
Ans) (1) Tower casing
(2) Desktop casing
d) Write the names of parts inside the system unit?
Ans) Mother board, hard disk, processer, display card, sound card, DVD rom,
cooling fan, RAM, floppy disk, power supply and data cables.
O2: State whether these statements are true or false.
a) Computer cannot work without a system unit. <u>True</u>
b) System unit looks like a square box. <u>False</u>
c) There are two types of computer casing. <u>True</u>
d) Tower casing lies horizontally on the table. <u>True</u>
Q3: Choose the correct answer.
i. There are <u>two</u> shapes of computer casing.

b)

b)

<u>Tower casing</u> stands vertically on the floor.

**Two** 

**Tower casing** 

c)

d)

Eight

a) Five

a) Desktop casing

Keyboard

ii.

A computer **cannot** work without system unit. iii. a) Can Both b) **Cannot** d) System unit looks like rectangular box. iv. Rectangular box a) Square b) d) Oval System unit is made of plastic and metal. v. a) Gold b) Plastic and metal Glass d) **Islamiat** سينٹ ميريز كانونيٺ گرلز مائي سكول مضمون: \_اسلامیات جماعت: دوم رسول التوقيقية كي رضاعت باب سوم سرت طبية سا: عرب كمعز زهراني بيون كويرورش كنك كهال بهيجا كرتے تھى؟ ج: عرب مع معز زهرانے اپنے بچوں کو رب کی خالص خصوصیات حاصل کرنے کیلئے شہرے باہر دیبات کی تھی فضا میں بھیج دیا کرتے تھے۔ س٢: چيفورا كرم آياية كويرورش كيلئے كس كے ساتھ بھيجا گيا؟ ج: \_آپﷺ کودائی حلیمہ کے ساتھ برورش کیلئے دیدعلاقے میں بھیج دیا گیا ۔ س اندوالد و کے انتقال کے بعد آ بیات کی برورش کس نے کی؟ ج: والده كانقال ك بعد آب الله كارورش آب ك دارعبد المطلب في كار س، بچین میں آپ ایک کی عاد تیں کیسی تھیں؟ ج: \_آپ الله کی عادثیں بہت اچھی تھیں آپ الله بمیشہ تی ہو لتے ، بڑوں کا کہنا مانتے ان کی عزت کرتے چھوٹوں کے ساتھ پیارے بیش آتے ۔ آپ جو بھی وعدہ كرتے أے بوراكرتے۔ باب چهارم اخلاق وآواب والدين كااحرام س: باولا دکیلئے دنیا کی سب ہے بڑی فعت کیاہے؟ ج: او لا دکیلئے والدین دنیا کی سب سے بڑی تعت ہیں۔ س٢: - بچوں كووالدين كے ساتھ كيساسلوك كرنا جائے؟ ج: \_ بچوں کووالدین کے ساتھ اچھاسلوک کرنا جا ہے ان کی عزت کریں ان کا کہنا مانیں ، ان کی خدمت کریں ۔ سس: کون سے بیے کامیاب ہوتے ہیں؟ ج: - ماں باپ کا کہنامانے والے بے ہمیشہ کامیاب ہوتے ہیں او راللہ بھی ان سے خوش ہوتے ہیں س٧٠: - والدين غلط كام كررب بوتو كياكرنا جايئ؟ ج: والدين غلط كام كرر به بوتو بھي ان ہے رمي ہے بات كريں اوراليي كوئى بات نهكريں جوان كاحر ام كے خلاف ہو۔ اساتذه كااحرام س ا: استا د کااحتر ام کیوں ضروری ہے؟ ج: استاداینے شاگر دکی تعلیم و تربیت کرتا ہے اخھیں اچھی با تین بتاتا ہے۔ اس لیے استاد کااحر امضروری ہے س۲: استا د کا درجہ والدین کے برابر کیوں ہے ج: استاد چونکہ والدین کی طرح بچوں کی تربیت کرتے ہیں اس لیے استاد کا درجہ والدین کے برابر ہے س٣: يشاكر دول كواستا د كے ساتھ كيے پيش آنا جائے؟ ج: بشا گردوں کواستا دے ساتھا دب واحتر ام سے پیش آنا جائے۔

س المادونيا كے سب سے التھے استادكوں ميں؟

ج: ۔ وُنیا کے سب سے ایجھے استا دہارے بیارے نبی حضرت مجھیات ہیں۔

# بزرگو**ں کاا**دب

س ا:۔ ہا را دین ہز رکوں کے بارے میں کیاسکھا تاہے؟

ج - جارادین جمیں اینے سے بروں لعنی بررکوں کا اوب کرناسکھا تا ہے

س٢: - ہمارے بیارے نی اللہ برز رکوں کے ساتھ ک طرح پیش آتے تھے؟

ج: -ہمارے پیارے نبی ملیک ہز رکوں کا بہت خیال رکھتے تھے ۔اوران کے ساتھا جھاسلوک کرتے تھے۔

س ١٠ - جميں بزركوں كے ساتھ كياسلوك كرنا جائے؟

ج: بهمیں بزرگوں کے ساتھ اچھ اسلوک کرنا جائے۔

س م : - بزرگوں کی خدمت کرنے کے کیا فائد ئے ہیں۔

ج: \_بزركول كى خدمت كرنے سے الله تعالى خوش ہوتا ہے \_اور دنياو اخرت ميں اس كا جرماتا ہے

# كتابوس كاادب

س ا: - كتاب روصف سے كيا فائد و موتا ہے،

ج: - كتاب روص معلومات مين اضا فهونا ب-اخلاق احجما موتاب

س١: - كتاب كاحرام كي كرنا حاية

ج: - كتاب يرصف كے بعد احتياط ہے الماري ياميز برركيس-

س ٢: انساب كى كتابون كوكيس ركهنا جايئ؟

ج: نساب کی کتابوں پر کاغذ چڑھا کراپنانام لکھناچائے اور سکول کے استے ہے کتابیں فکالتے اور رکھتے وقت احتیاط کرنی جائے۔

س المنادونيا كى سب عظيم كتاب كونى ہے؟

ج: قرآن پاک دنیا کی سب سے عظیم کتاب ہے۔

# سچائی میں بڑی طاقت ہے۔

سا: سیائی کے ہارے میں آنحضور ﷺ نے کیافر مایا؟

ج: - آپ ایک نے فرمایا

سيائي مين نجات اور حفاظت ساور جيموث مين بلاكت

س، السحائي كى كتنى قسمين بين

ج: سِيانَي كي تين قسمين بين -

۲۔زبان کی بیائی

ا ـ دل کی سجائی

س ا : \_ ہے بولنے سے کیا فائد ہے حاصل ہوتے ہیں؟

ج: - پچ بولنے سے اللہ خوش ہوتا ہے او رہے بولنے والے کوسب پیند کرتے ہیں۔

سوعمل کی سجائی

# گھر میں داخل ہونے کی اجازت مانگنا

سان ایک دوسرے سے ملنے جلنے کیائے کیا کرنا پڑتا ہے؟

ت ایک دوسرے سے ملنے جلنے کیائے ہمیں ایک دوسرے کے گھر جانا پڑتا ہے۔

سان کسی کے گھر داخل ہونے کیلئے کیا کرنا چاہئے؟

ت: کسی کے گھر داخل ہونے کیلئے گھر والوں سے اجازت لینی چاہئے؟

سان جس کے گھر جا ئیں اس کا دروا زہ کتنی بارکھنکھٹانا چاہئے؟

ت: کسی کے گھر جا ئیں اس کا دروا زہ کتنی بارکھنکھٹانا چاہئے؟

سن ہن ۔ کسی کے گھر جا ئیں باراس کا دروا زہ کھنکھٹا نمیں ۔

سن ہن ۔ ہمارے بیارے نہی تھیا تھ گھر میں کیسے داخل ہوتے تھے؟

ت: ہمارے بیارے نہی تھیا جازت لے کر بھی گھر میں داخل ہوتے تھے

س ا: شکر گزارہونے کا کیامطلب ہے؟ ج: شکر گزارہونے کامطلب ہےاللہ تعالیٰ کی تمام نعمتوں کاشکرا واکر ہا ہے۔ س ۲: اللہ تعالیٰ نے ہمیں کون کونمیس دی ہیں؟

ج: الله تعالى نے ہمیں ہاتھ، پیر، ناک، آئکھیں کان، زندہ رہنے کیلئے ہوا، پانی کھانا اور پیار کرنے کیلئے ماں باپ دیے ہیں۔ سو: نعتوں کاصحیحاستعال کیے کر سکتے ہیں؟

ج: ایک دوسر کی مد دکر نے اوراللہ کاشکرا داکرنے سے نعمتوں کا مناسب استعال ہے۔

# معافى مانكنا

سا: الله تعالی کے بھے بندے کو نسے ہوتے ہیں؟ ج: ۔ جواللہ تعالی سے سچول سے معافی مائے۔ س۲: ۔ دل میں بُراخیال آئے تو کیا کرناچا ہے؟ ج: ۔ دل میں بُراخیال آئے تو اللہ تعالی سے تو بہ کر لینی چاہئے۔ س۳: ۔ اللہ تعالی سے معافی کس طرح مائنی چاہئے؟ ج: ۔ اللہ تعالی سے معافی دل سے اپنے گنا ہوں سے تو بہ کر کے مائنی چاہئے۔ س۷: ۔ دوستوں سے معافی مائلے کا کیا فائد ہوتا ہے؟ ج: ۔ آپس میں اچھے تعاقات پیدا ہوتے ہیں اوراللہ تعالی خوش ہوتے ہیں۔

# جماعت کے آدا**ب**

س ا: ہما عت میں نظم وضبط کا خیال رکھنا کیوں ضروری ہے؟ ج: انظم وضبط کا خیال رکھنے سے جماعت کا ماحول بہتر ہوتا ہے۔

س۲: -جماعت کے آواب کیاہیں؟
ج: ۔ا۔جماعت میں قطار میں وافل ہوں
۲۔ فاموثی ہے جماعت میں بیٹھیں
سر جماعت میں گندگی نہ پھیلائیں
سر جماعت میں گندگی نہ پھیلائیں
س۳: ۔استا وجب جماعت میں وافل ہوں تو ہمیں کیا کرنا چا ہے؟
ج: ۔استا وجب جماعت میں وافل ہوں تو کھڑ ہے ہوکرسلام کرنا چا ہے؟
س۲: ۔سکول کاو قت ختم ہونے کے بعد کم وجماعت سے کیے ٹکلنا چا ہے؟

ج: یسکول کاوفت ختم ہونے کے بعد کمرہ جماعت سے قطار بنا کرنگلنا چاہئے۔ م**ڑ** 

# الجھيماتھي

سا: یا چھے ساتھ کیسے ہوتے ہیں؟ ج: ۔ جود کھ کھے میں ایک دوسرے کے کام آتے ہیں۔ س۲: یالڈ تعالیٰ ہے محبت کا تقاضا کیا ہے؟ ج: الڈ تعالیٰ ہے ، کا تقاضا کیا ہے؟

ج: الله تعالیہ محبت کا تقاضایہ ہے کہ سلمان اس شخص ہے محبت کرے جواللہ ہے محبت کرتا ہے۔ سریوں کیر ہے ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ کرنا ہے ، ؟

س ا : کیے بچوں سے دوی کرنی جائے؟

ج:۔اچھے بچوں سے دو کی کرنی چاہئے۔

صفح نمبر 43,41,40,38,36,35,33,3129.527.24 کاپی پرحل کریں نوٹ: مندرجہ بالا تما کام کاپی پر لکھیں اور زبانی یا دکریں ۔